Dynamics of rotors on hydrodynamic bearings

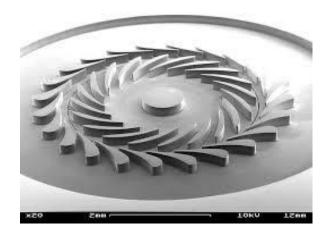
Rob Eling

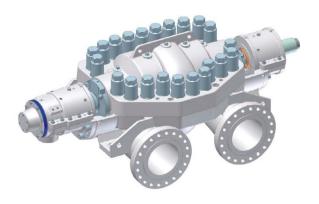
Mitsubishi Turbocharger & Engine Europe Comsol Conference, October 24, Rotterdam, NL



Rotors on hydrodynamic bearings





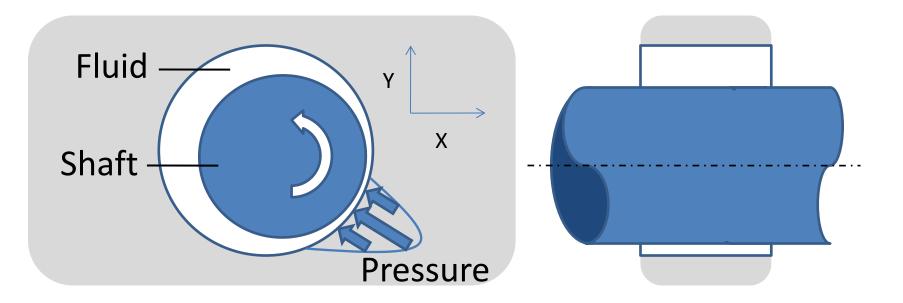






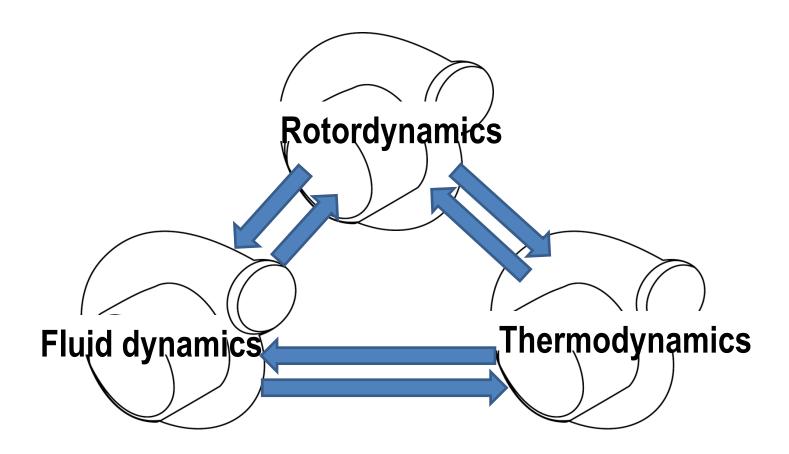


The problem: instability of the rotorbearing system



$$\begin{bmatrix} K_{XX} = \frac{\partial F_X}{\partial X} & K_{XY} = \frac{\partial F_X}{\partial Y} \\ K_{YX} = \frac{\partial F_Y}{\partial X} & K_{YY} = \frac{\partial F_Y}{\partial Y} \end{bmatrix} \Box \begin{bmatrix} + & + \\ - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

Modeling approach

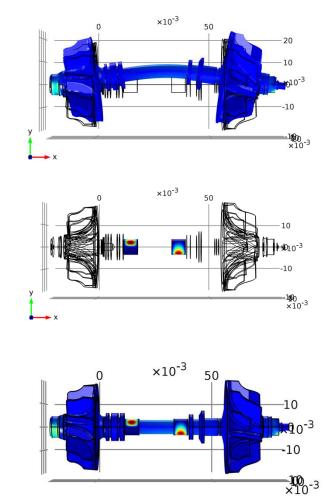


Modeling approach

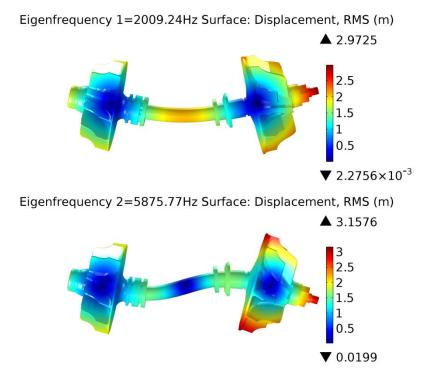
OP Analysis of the rotor

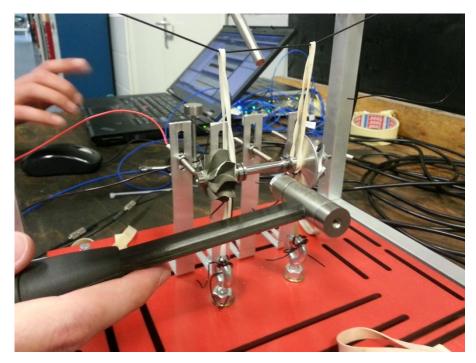
 Analysis of the hydrodynamic bearings

Analysis of the coupled rotor-bearing system

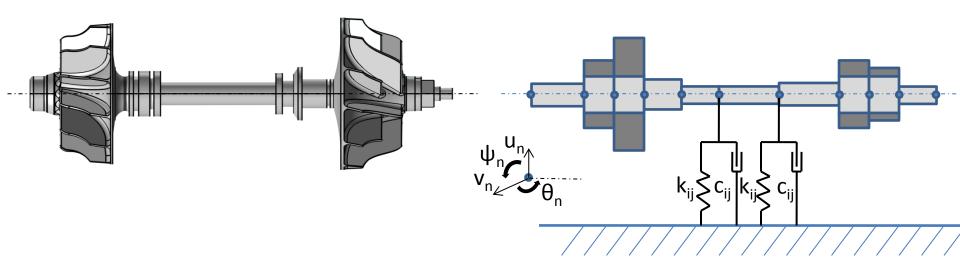


Analysis of the rotor: modal analysis





Analysis of the rotor: reduction



75.000 volume elements

10 beam elements

Analysis of the bearing: thin film approach

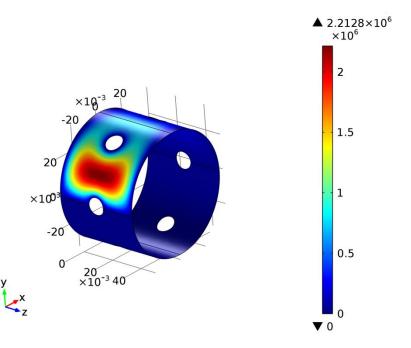
CFD analysis:

$$\rho \mathbf{g} - \nabla p + \nabla \cdot \tau = \rho \frac{d\mathbf{V}}{dt}$$

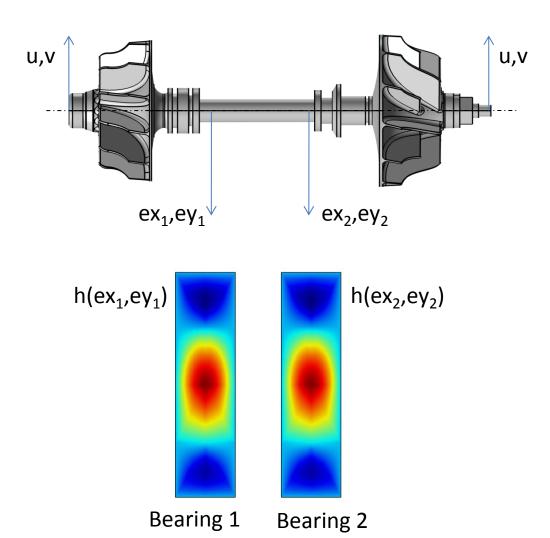
Comsol Thin Film Module:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho h) + \frac{1}{2}\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\rho hU = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left\{\frac{\rho h^3}{12\mu}\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}\right\} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left\{\frac{\rho h^3}{12\mu}\frac{\partial p}{\partial z}\right\}$$

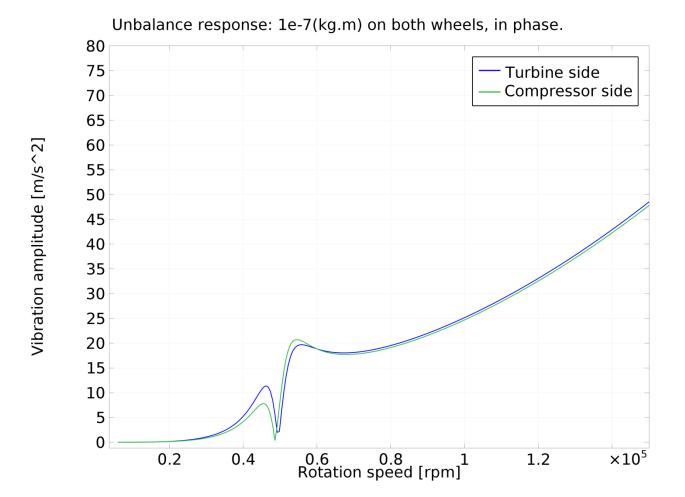
Assumptions always need to be checked



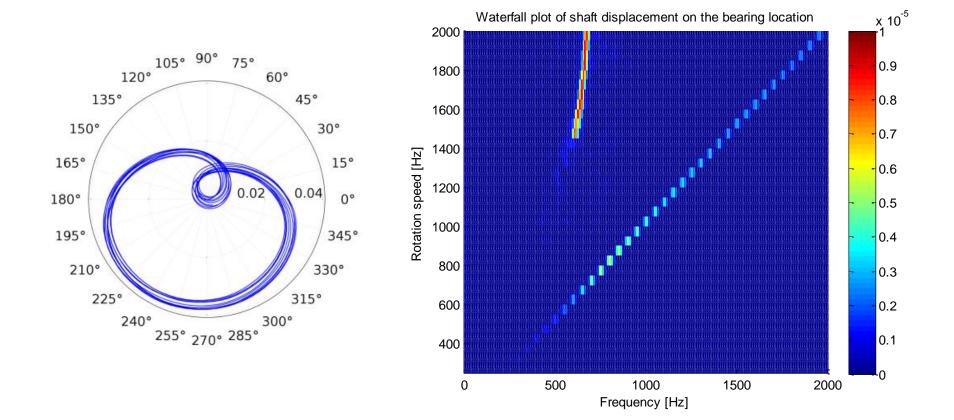
Coupling



Analysis of the coupled rotor-bearing system: the effect of unbalance

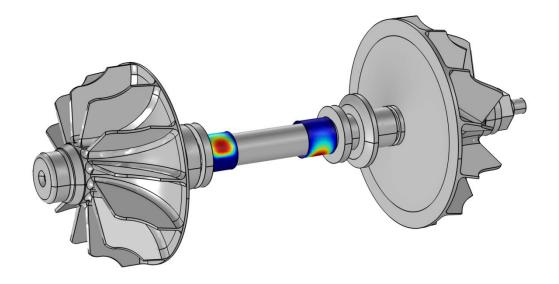


Analysis of the coupled rotor-bearing system: sub-synchronous vibrations



Conclusions

- Rotors on hydrodynamic bearings show selfinduced vibrations due to fluid-structure interaction
- The response of the non-linear rotor-bearing system can be analyzed using run-up simulations over the full operating range, and shows many interesting/dangerous non-linear vibration phenomena





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